Proteins may contain the elements

- (1) carbon.
- (2) hydrogen/
- (3) iodine.

- (4) nitrogen.
- (5) oxygen.
- (6) sulphur.

A.

(2) and (5) only

- B. (1), (3) and (4) only
- C. (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) only
- D. (1), (2), (4), (5) and (6) only

2

Which of the following is/are the characteristic(s) of polysaccharides?

- (1) soluble in organic solvent
- (2) sweet in taste
- (3) insoluble in water
- A. (1) only
- B. (3) only
- C. (2) and (3) only
- D. (1), (2) and (3)

3

CARMEL DIVINE GRACE FOR VIDATION SECONDARY SCHOOL The following table shows the results of some food tests on four samples:

Experiments	Samples				
	p	0	R	S	
Benedict's test	Brick-red precipitate	Blue	Brick-red precipitate	Blue	
Iodine test	Brown	Blue-black	Brown	Blue-black	
Protein test paper	Yellow	Green	Green	Yellow	

Note: Positive result of protein test paper shows green colour while negative one shows yellow colour.

Which samples must contain glucose?

- P and R A.
- P and S B.
- C. Q and R
- cannot be determined D.

4

Which of the following are the properties of all images observed under a microscope?

- inverted (1)
- magnified (2)
- brighter (3)
- colourful (4)
- (1) and (2) only A.
- (1), (2) and (4) only B.
- (1), (3) and (4) only C.
- (2), (3) and (4) only D.

Which of the following comparisons between a prokaryotic cell and a eukaryotic cell is / are correct?

- (1) Both have cell wall. X
- (2) Both have nucleic acid as the genetic material.
- (3) A prokaryotic cell has a smooth ER while a eukaryotic cell has a rough ER.
- A. (1) only
- B. (2) only
- C. (1) and (2) only
- D. (1), (2) and (3)

6

The table below shows the differences between animal cells and plant cells:

	Animal cells	Plant cells		
(1)	Do not have a cell wall	Have a cell wall		
(2)	Usually have a large central vacuole	Have small or no vacuoles		
(3)	Do not have chloroplasts	Some have chloroplasts		
(4)	Usually have starch grains	Usually have glycogen granules		

Which comparisons are correct?

- A. (1) and (3) only
- B. (2) and (3) only
- C. (2) and (4) only
- D. (3) and (4) only

7

Which of the following statements about the applications of enzyme is/are correct?

- (1) Protease is used in coagulating milk to produce yogurt.
- (2) Amylase is added to biological washing powders to remove stains on clothes.
- (3) Some enzymes can be used to make fruit juices look less cloudy.
- A. (2) only
- B. (3) only
- C. (1) and (2) only
- D. (1), (2) and (3)

Which of the following is a catabolic reaction?

- A. hydrolysis of fat molecules
- B. synthesis of glycogen
- C. condensation of glucose molecules
- D. synthesis of protein



The following experiment investigates the activities of the enzyme catalase which can be found in the liver of human. It catalyzes the following reaction:

Catalase was added to 5 cm<sup>3</sup> hydrogen peroxide solution and the oxygen evolved in the first minute was collected. The results are shown below:

Test tube	Temperature (°C)	Volume of oxygen collected (cm <sup>3</sup> )	
P	0	0	
Q	10	5	
R	20	10	
S	60	0	

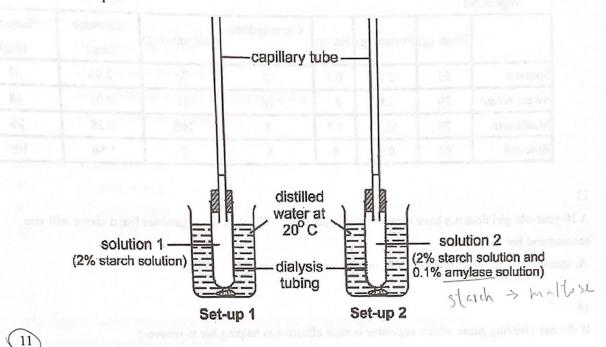
What conclusion can be drawn from the above results?

- A. The enzyme was destroyed at low and high temperatures. V
- B. For every 10°C increase in temperature, the reaction rate was double.
- C. The enzyme only worked at certain temperature range.
- D. Reaction rate varied linearly with temperature.

Which of the following is the fate of excess carbohydrates in the human body?

- A. It is stored as glycogen in the liver and muscles, or as fats under the skin.
- B. It is stored as glycogen in the liver and muscles, or as proteins under the skin.
- C. It is stored as proteins in the liver and muscles, or as fats under the skin.
- D. It is stored as fats in the liver and muscles, or as glycogen under the skin.

Directions: Questions 11 and 12 refer to the diagram below, which shows the initial condition of two set-ups:



After 1 hour, the liquid level in the capillary tube of set-up 2 rises more rapidly than that of set-up 1. This is because

- A. solution 1 has a lower water potential than solution 2.
- B. the dialysis tubing of set-up 1 is less permeable to water than that of set-up 2.
- C. sugar is produced in solution 2 but not in solution 1.
- D. solution 2 contains less starch than solution 1.

(12)

What treatments can increase the rate of rise of the liquid level in the above set-ups?

- (1) using a capillary tube with a smaller internal diameter
- (2) raising the temperature of the distilled water from 20°C to 30°C
- (3) using a smaller dialysis tubing
- A. (1) and (2) only
- B. (1) and (3) only
- C. (2) and (3) only
- D. (1), (2) and (3)

Directions: Questions 13-16 refer to the following table which shows the composition of 100 g of four

vegetables:

vegetables :						Carotene	Vitamin C
	Water (g)	Protein (g)	Fat (g)	Carbohydrate (g)	Calcium (mg)		(mg)
Spinach	93	2.0	0.2	2	70	2.96	31
Sweet potato	79	1.9	0.7	16	11	0.01	18
Mushroom	70	13.6	5.7	7	100	0.28	25
Broccoli	93	0.9	0	5	7	1.56	105

A 10-year-old girl does not have meat or milk in her diet. Which of the vegetables listed above will you recommend her to eat?

A. spinach

B. sweet potatoes

C. mushroom

D. broccoli

14

If she has bleeding gums, which vegetable is most effective in helping her to recover?

A. spinach

B. sweet potatoes C. mushroom

D. broccoli

The amount of urea excreted in the urine may increase if a person eats a lot of B. sweet potatoes. C. mushroom. D. broccoli. A. spinach.

16

A person has normal vision in bright light condition but cannot see clearly in dim light. This disease can be healed most effectively by eating

A. spinach.

B. sweet potatoes.

C. mushroom.

D. broccoli.

17

Canine teeth cannot be found in

A. a dog.

B. a human.

C. a tiger.

D. a cow.

18

Which of the following is not a function of the liver?

- regulation of blood glucose level
- storage of glycogen B.
- storage of calcium and iron C.
- deamination taken place D.

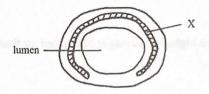


What are the main functions of the rib cage?

- (1) assist breathing
- (2) control breathing rate
- (3) limit the volume of lungs expanded
- (4) protect lungs and heart
- A. (1) and (2) only
- B. (1) and (4) only
- C. (2) and (3) only
- D. (3) and (4) only

20

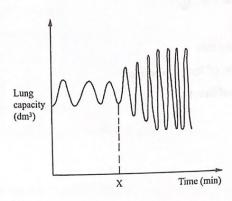
The diagram below shows the cross section of a part in the human respiratory tract: (The diagram is **not** drawn to scale.)



What is the function of structure X?

- A. to control the size of lumen
- B. to provide support
- C. to produce sound
- D. to secrete mucus

The graph below shows the lung capacity of a man:



What does the man do, starting from X, to cause the change in breathing pattern?

- doing exercise A.
- B. sleeping
- C. sneezing
- taking deep breaths D.

22

Which of the following gases have higher percentages in expired air than in inspired air?

- carbon dioxide / (1)
- nitrogen (2)
- $_{\mathrm{oxygen}}$   $\times$ (3)
- water vapour (4)
- (1) and (2) only A.
- (1) and (4) only B.
- (2) and (3) only e. (3) and (4) only D.

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Mucus in the respiratory tract helps to

- (1) warm the air up.
- (2) moisten the air.
- (3) trap the dust particles in the air.
- A. (1) and (2) only
- B. (1) and (3) only
  - (2) and (3) only
  - D. (1), (2) and (3)

## 24

Which of the following structures is / are found in the nasal cavity?

- (1) ciliated epithelium
- (2) mucus-secreting cells /
- (3) hairs/
- A. (1) only
- B. (2) only
- C. (1) and (3) only
- D. (1), (2) and (3)

## 25

Coughing carries lot of droplets from the respiratory tract to the air. Such droplets help to spread diseases because they may contain

- A. mucus.
- B. water.
- C. dissolved oxygen.
- D. bacteria or viruses.