Sacred Heart Canossian College Mock Examination (2020-2021) S6 Biology – Marking Scheme

Paper 2

SECTION A Human Physiology: Regulation and Control

1.	(a)	(i)	The LH level remains fairly constant / There is no LH surge over the period. (1) Ovulation is not triggered. (1)
		(ii)	As the menstrual cycle length becomes much longer than normal, (1)
			the uterine lining becomes excessively thick. (1)
			Heavy menstrual bleeding results when this thickened uterine lining sheds. (1)
		(iii)	High levels of oestrogen and progesterone inhibit FSH secretion by the
			pituitary gland. (1)
			Due to the low level of FSH in blood, follicle development stops and cysts do
			not develop. (1)
		(iv)	Levonorgestrel prevents pregnancy through inhibition on the LH surge, thus
			preventing ovulation. (1)
			IUD prevents pregnancy through implantation of embryo.(1)
			Some women like Mary see this as <u>abortion</u> / killing unborn child. (1) OR
			Levonorgestrel prevents pregnancy through taking it <u>orally</u> . (1)
			IUD has to be <u>inserted in uterus</u> to prevent pregnancy. (1)
			IUD is more painful / invasive than taking levonorgestrel / requires visit to
			doctor. (Not accepting general answers, e.g. taking drug orally is more
			convenient) (1)
			Total: 10 marks
	(b)	(i)	There was no change to the rate of nerve impulse production by neurone Type
			A, but the rate of neurone Type B has increased / doubled. (1)
		(ii)	Warm-sensitive (1)
			Due to higher rate of nerve impulses at higher temperature. (1)
		(iii)	During exercise, strong muscle contractions generate a large amount of heat.(1)
			This increase in body temperature stimulates the thermoreceptors in the
			hypothalamus. (1)
			More nerve impulses via the warm-sensitive neurones / neurone Type B are
			sent to the heat loss centre in the hypothalamus. (1)
			This brings about more nerve impulses sent to the sweat gland to increase in the
			rate of sweating. (1)
		(iv)	During exercise, the <u>cardiovascular centre</u> in the <u>medulla oblongata</u> sends <u>more</u>
			nerve impulses via the <u>sympathetic nerve</u> . (1)
			The sympathetic nerve releases <u>more noradrenaline</u> , (1)
			which stimulates the activity of the \underline{SA} node of the heart. (1)
			As a result, the heart beats faster and more strongly.

Total: 10 marks

SECTION B Applied Ecology

2.	(a)	(i)	From 2007 to 2015, the total mass of cod caught <u>decreased steadily</u> . (1) Any one of the following:
			This is probably due to overfishing (1)
			such that cod were caught at a rate higher than the cod population could replace
			themselves through reproduction. (1)
			OR (1)
			Mesh size of the net was too small that even juvenile fish were caught. (1)
			Thus this greatly reduced the reproduction rate within the cod population. (1)
		(ii)	Large quantities of non-target species including the prey of cod are removed
		()	from the sea by bottom trawling. (1)
			As a result, less food is available to cod. (1)
			The future cod population will decrease. (1)
		(iii)	Any two pairs of the following:
			The species caught is more specific according to the bait (1)
			so that bycatch is reduced. (1)
			OR
			The number of cod caught can be controlled (1)
			by the number of hooks. (1)
			OR .
			The damage to seabed habitats, which are the shelter and breeding grounds for
			many marine organisms, is reduced. (1)
			Fewer food webs in the sea are affected and more food is available to cod. (1)
			Total: 10 marks
	(b)	(i)	The insecticide in the lake diffused into the phytoplankton. (1)
			As the insecticide could not be broken down / degraded / metabolised /
			excreted by the organisms (1)
			and it was fat-soluble such that it accumulated in fatty tissues of organisms. (1)
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